

MEMORY-CENTRIC ARCHITECTURE

IN-MEMORY PERFORMANCE, DURABILITY OF DISK

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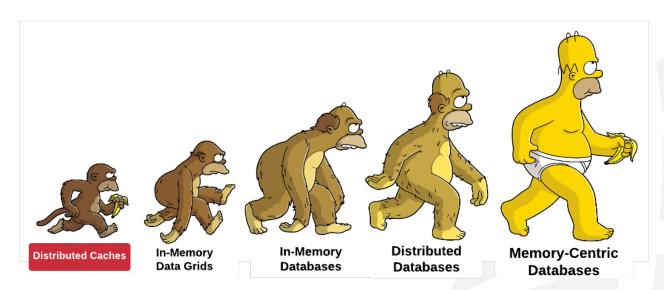


Agenda

- In-Memory Computing Evolution
 - Distributed Caches
 - In-Memory Data Grids
 - In-Memory Databases
 - Distributed Databases
 - Memory-Centric Databases
- Data Storage Ecosystem



Distributed Caches



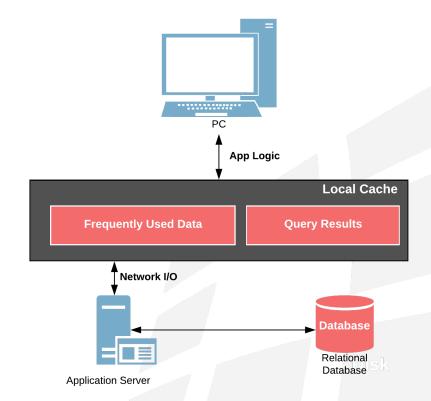


Cache is a hardware or software component that stores data so future requests for that data can be served faster



Local Caching

- Application In-Process Caching
 - Querying Results
 - Most Frequently Used Data
- Browser Caching
- Benefits
 - Speed up Applications!
 - Network is slow!

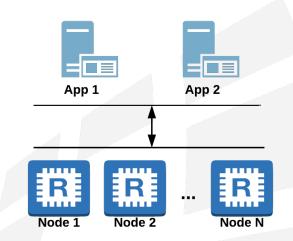




Distributed Caches

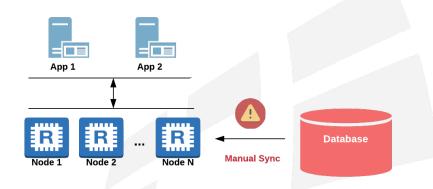
- Share-nothing (consistent hashing or sharding)
- Simple client protocol
- Memcached, Redis, AWS ElastiCache

- Benefits
 - Shared cache
 - Beyond local RAM capacity
 - Fault tolerant and scalable



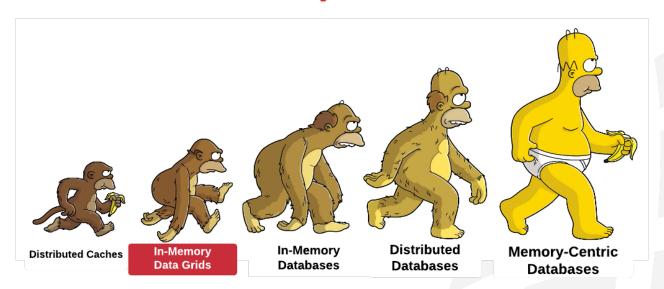
Shortcomings of Distributed Caches

- Lack of queries (SQL or JOINs)
- Lack of ACID transactions
- Lack of collocated processing
- Lack of database synchronization
 - Cache-aside pattern
- Lack of native persistence
 - cannot persist more than fits in RAM
- RAM warm-up on restart



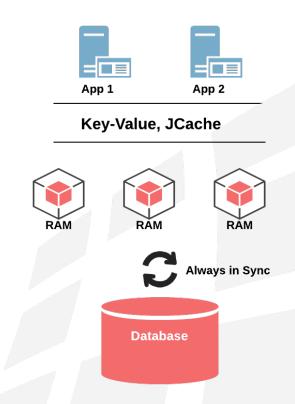


In-Memory Data Grids



In-Memory Data Grids

- Intelligent Distributed Caches
- Hazelcast, GigaSpaces, Apache Ignite
- Benefits
 - ACID Transactions
 - Query APIs
 - Event notifications
 - Continuous queries
 - Database Read/Write-Through
 - Collocated Processing



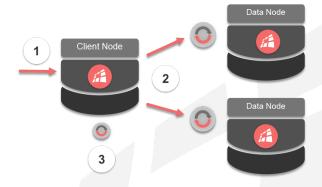


Client-Server Processing

Processing Node Data 1 Data Node Data 1 Data Node Data 2

- 1. Initial Request
- 2. Fetch data from remote nodes
- 3. Process the entire data-set

Co-Located Processing



- 1. Initial request
- 2. Co-locate processing with data
- 3. Reduce multiple results into one



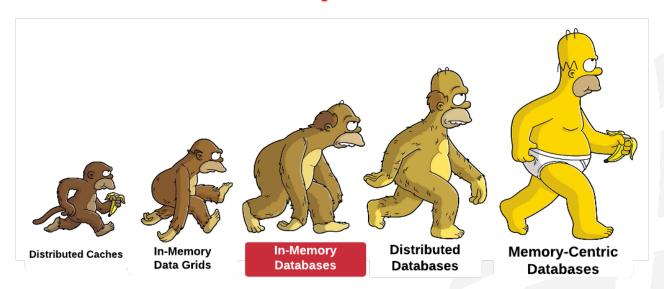
Shortcomings of In-Memory Data Grids

- Custom Query Languages
 - No SQL, No JOINs
- Lack of native persistence
 - cannot persist more than fits in RAM
- RAM warm-up on restart





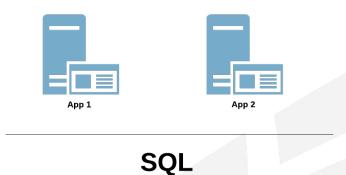
In-Memory Databases

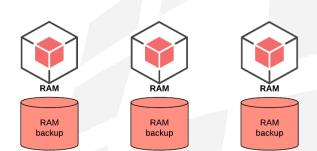


In-Memory Databases

- Primary in-RAM Storage
- In-Memory Data Grids for SQL
- VoltDB, SAP Hana

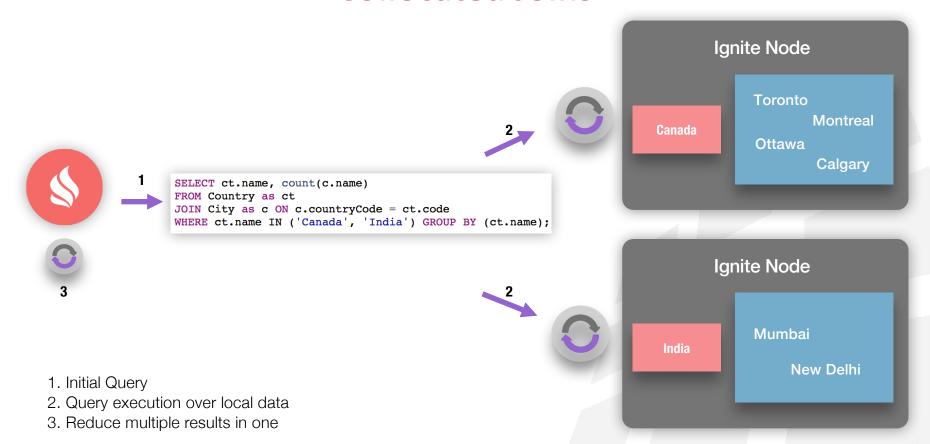
- Benefits
 - Distributed SQL
 - ACID Transactions
 - Better Scalability







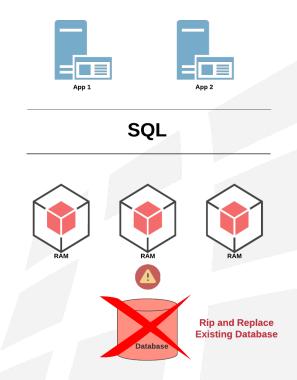
Collocated Joins





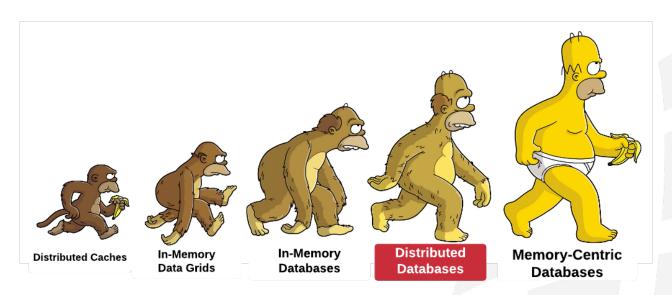
Shortcomings of In-Memory Databases

- Rip-n-Replace existing database
 - cannot keep or reuse existing database
- Lack of collocated processing
- Lack of native persistence
 - cannot persist more than fits in RAM
- RAM warm-up on restart





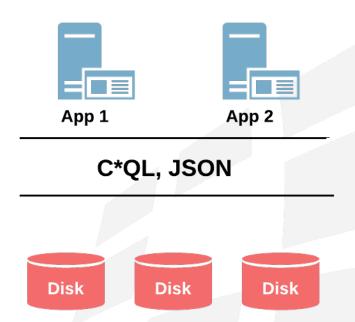
Distributed Databases



Distributed NoSQL Databases

- Cassandra, Mongo
 - Distributed persistence
 - Fault tolerant and scalable

- Shortcomings
 - Lack of SQL (no JOINs)
 - Lack of distributed transactions
 - Lack of in-memory processing

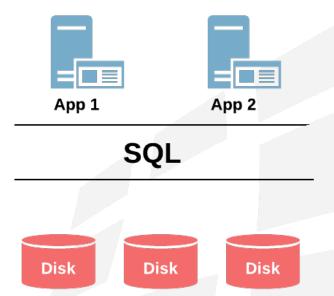




Distributed SQL Databases

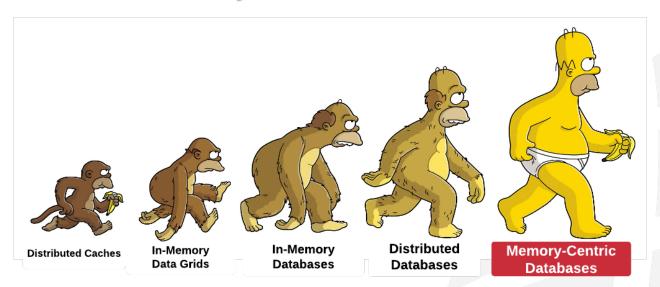
- CockroachDB, Cloud Spanner
 - Cloud-native
 - Fault tolerant and scalable
 - SQL (distributed JOINS)

- Shortcomings
 - Lack of in-memory processing
 - Lack of key-value API
 - Lack of event notifications

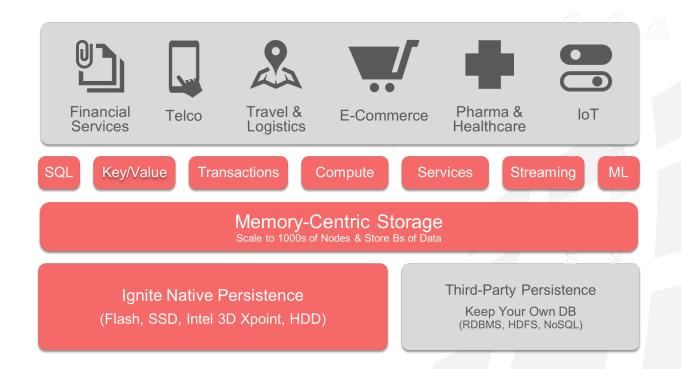




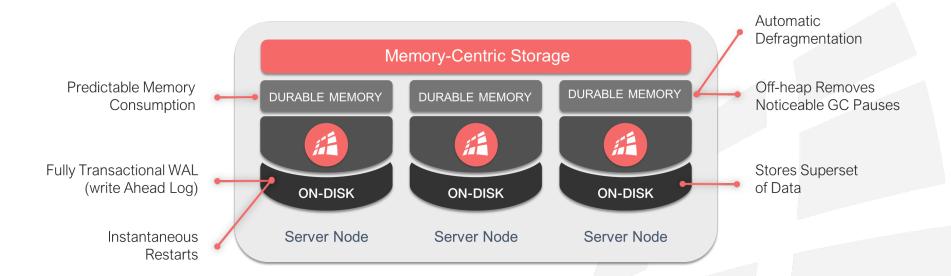
Memory-Centric Databases



GridGain Memory-Centric Architecture



Memory Centric Storage





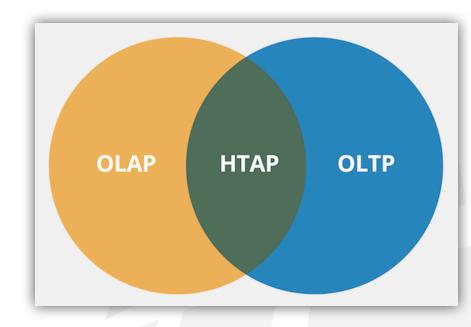
Memory & Disk Utilization

Mode	Description	Major Advantage	
In-Memory	Pure In-Memory Storage	Maximum perfomance possible (data is never written to disk)	
In-Memory + 3 rd Party DB	Caching layer (aka. in-memory data grid) for existing databases – RDBMS, NoSQL, etc	Horizontal scalability Faster reads and writes	
In-Memory + Full Copy on Disk	The whole data set is stored both in memory and on disk	Survives cluster failures	
100% on Disk + In-Memory Cache	100% of data is in Ignite native persistence and a subset is in memory	Unlimited data scale beyond RAM capacity	



Supports HTAP Principles

- One Platform Multiple Workloads
 - OLTP and OLAP
 - Real-Time Streaming and Batching
 - No ETL
- Distributed Everything
 - Scalability
 - No Single Point of Failure
 - SQL, Calculations, ML, etc.
 - Cloud Native





Data Storage Ecosystem

Feature	RDBMS	NoSQL	IMDG	IMDB	GridGain and Ignite
Scale Out	X	✓	✓	✓	1
Availability	X	✓	✓	✓	1
Consistency	✓	X	✓	✓	✓
In-Memory	1	X	✓	✓	✓
Persistence	✓	✓	X	X	✓
SQL	✓	X	X	✓	✓
Key-Value	X	✓	✓	X	✓
Collocated Processing	X	X	1	X	1

Any Questions?

https://www.gridgain.com https://ignite.apache.org

