Apache Ignite as MPP Accelerator

Agenda

- About us
- Why do traditional DWH needs in-memory grid?
- Real Time Analytics for Telco Cases
- Integrating Apache Ignite with Arenadata DB
- Using the power of in-memory computing with MPP (Example)

<About us>

Who we are?

- Arenadata unites a keen team of developers & engineers working on building enterprise data platform.
- We are contributors of Open Source Projects:
 - Greenplum
 - Apache PXF
 - Apache Bigtop
- Members of ODPi (Linux Foundation) since 2015

ODPi Compliant Platforms

















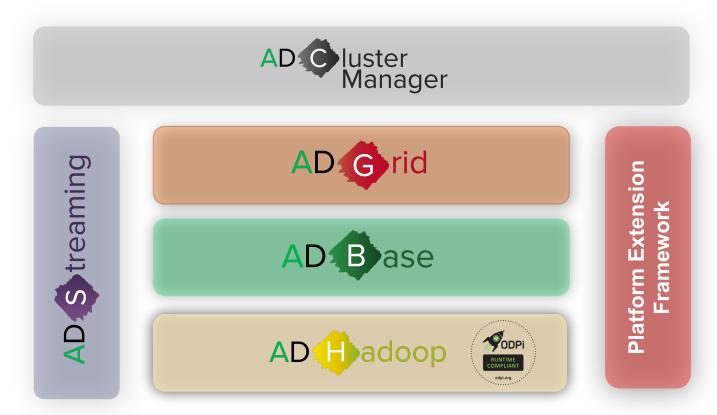






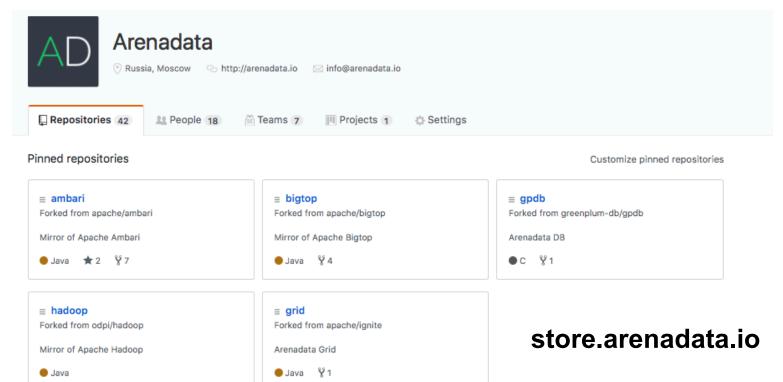


Arenadata Enterprise Data Platform



Arenadata - Open Source



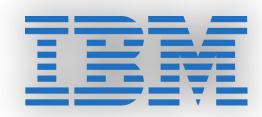


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Our Partners







Why DWH needs in-memory grid?

New Generation of Business Cases





FACEBOOK UPLOADS 250 MILLION PHOTOS EACH DAY

READING SMART METERS **EVERY 15 MINUTES IS** 3000X MORE DATA INTENSIVE

Mobile Sensors

Video Surveillance

Social Media

Smart Grids



Medical Imaging

OIL RIGS GENERATE DATA POINTS PER SECOND

Oil Exploration



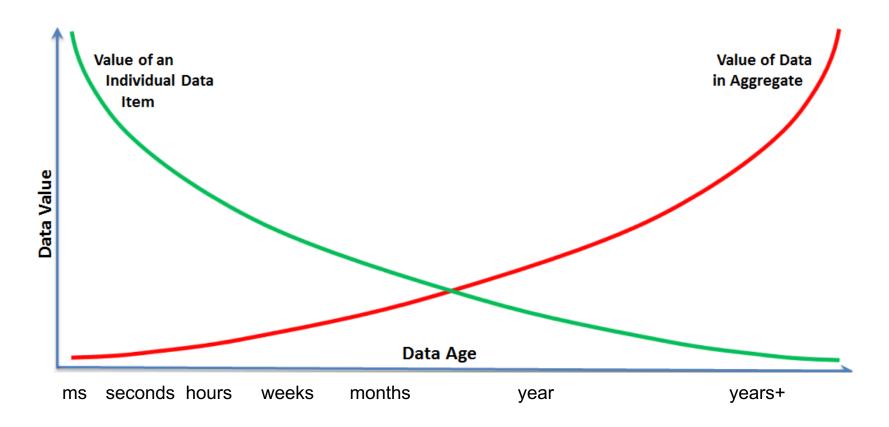
Stock Market

COST TO SEQUENCE ONE GENOME HAS FALLEN FROM \$100M IN 2001 TO \$10K IN 2011 TO \$1K IN 2014

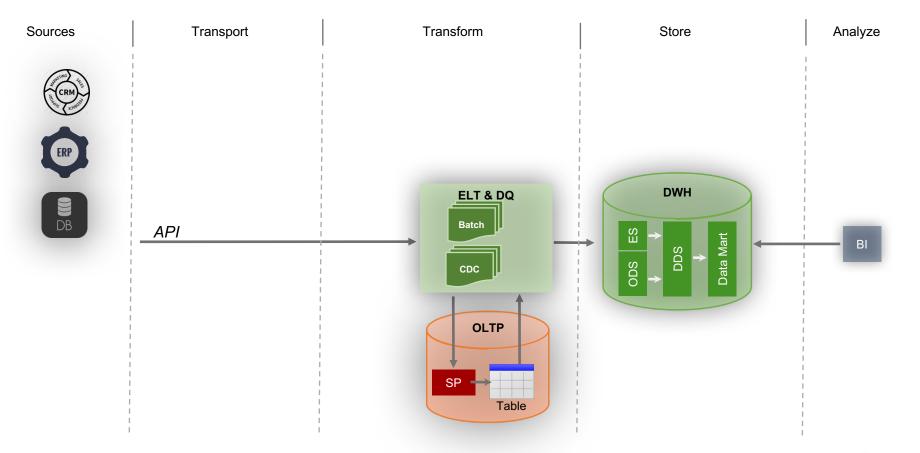
Gene Sequencing



Data Value Chain

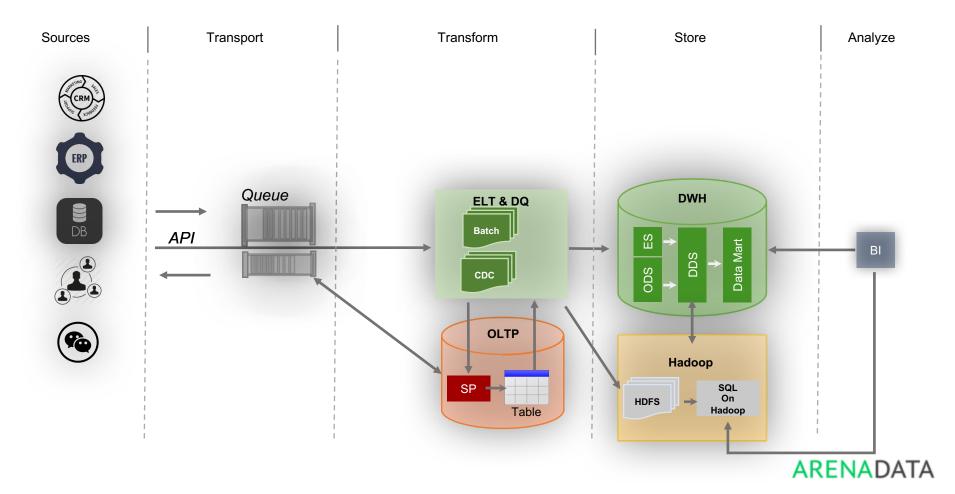


Data Warehouse

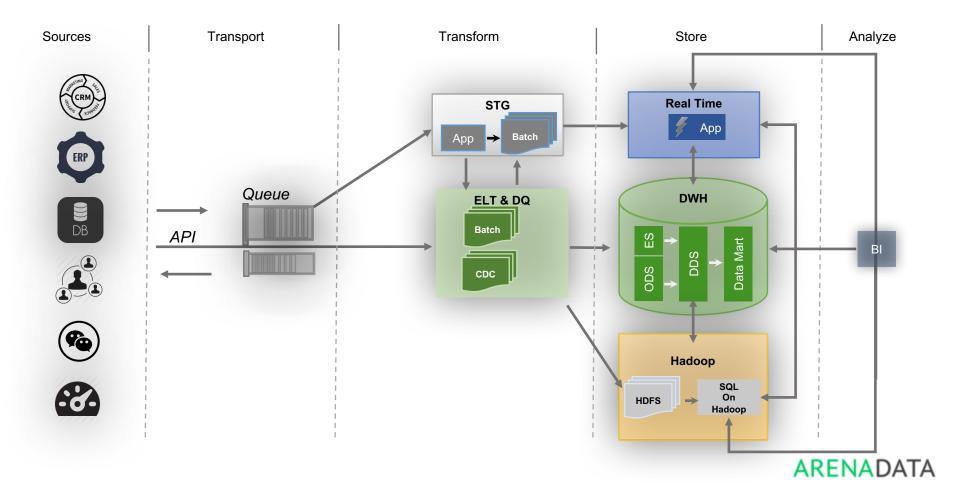




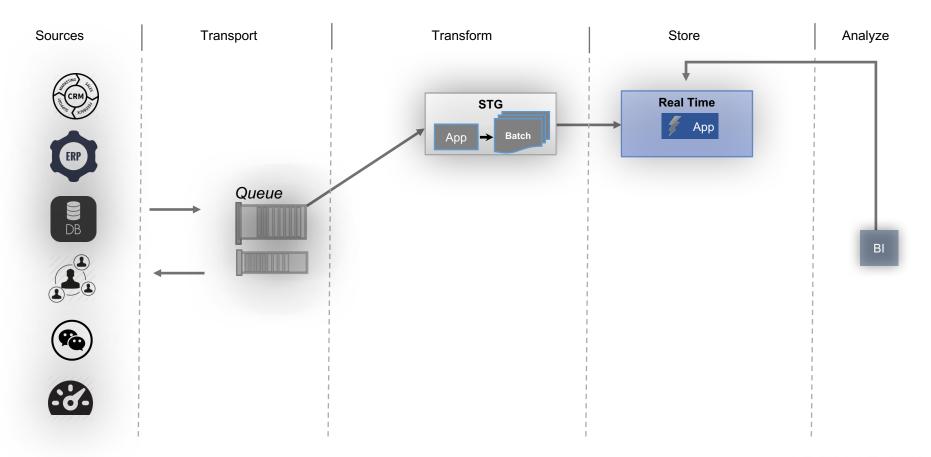
Data Lake



Lambda Architecture

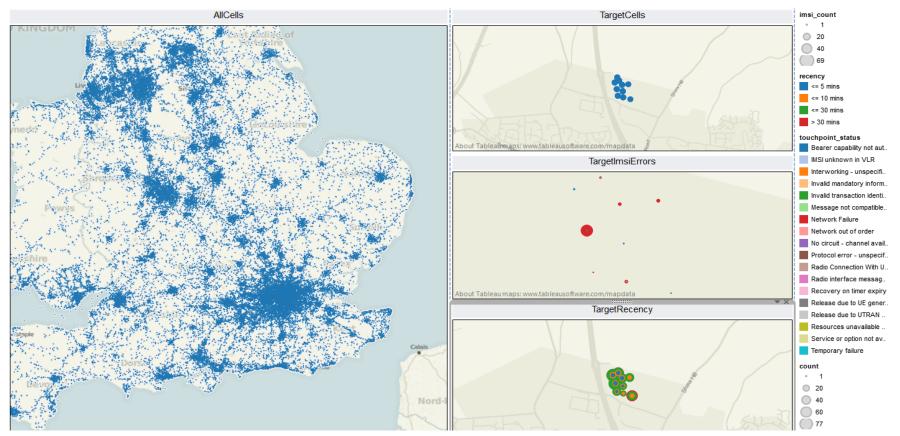


Kappa Architecture

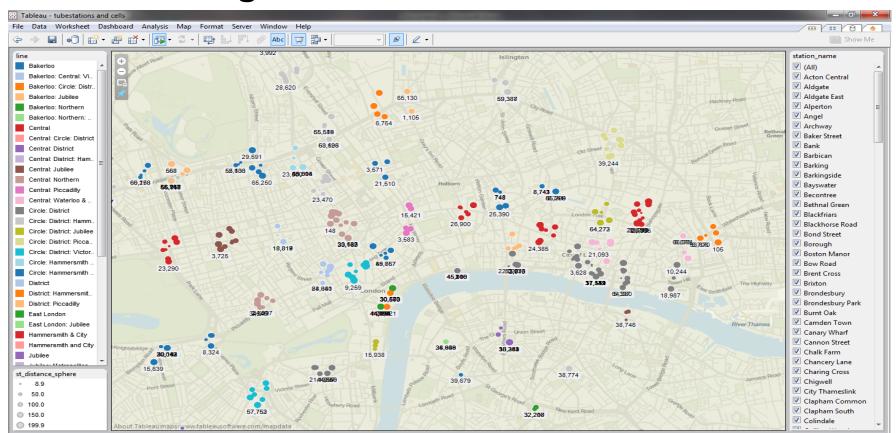


Real Time Analytics for Telco Cases

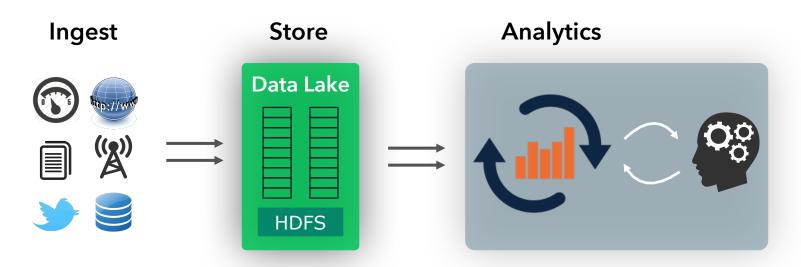
Customer Retention / Connection Breakdowns



Geo Marketing

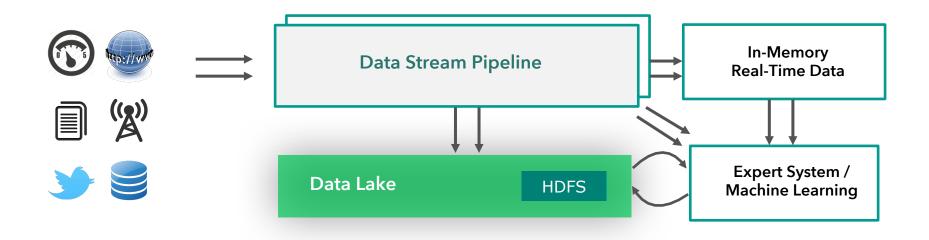


Migrating from a Reactive, Static and Constrained Model...



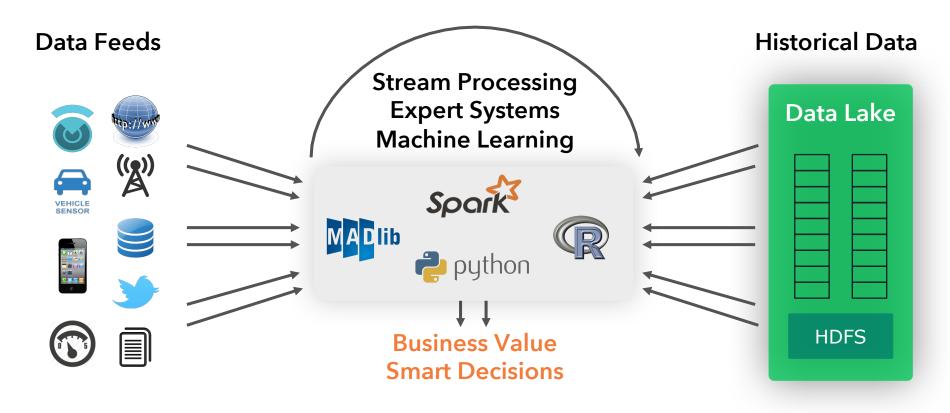
Coding based No real-time information Based on expensive ETL Hard to change Labor intensive Inefficient

To Pro-Active, Self-Improving, Machine Learning Systems

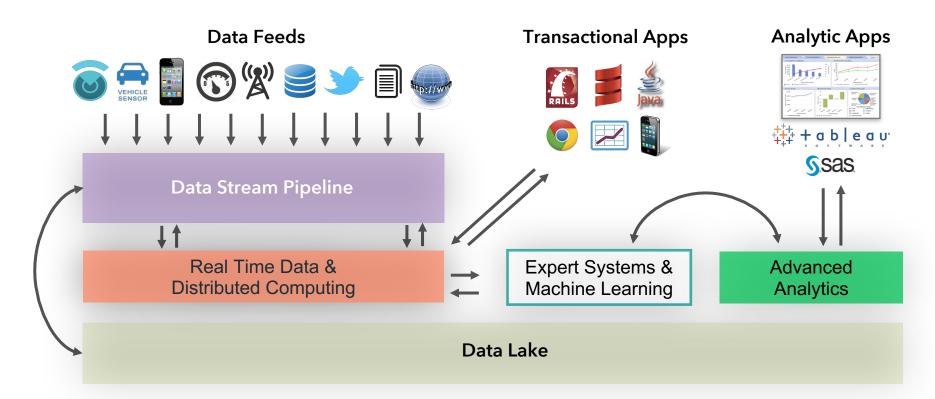


Multiple Data Sources Real-Time Processing Store Everything Continuous Learning Continuous Improvement Continuous Adapting

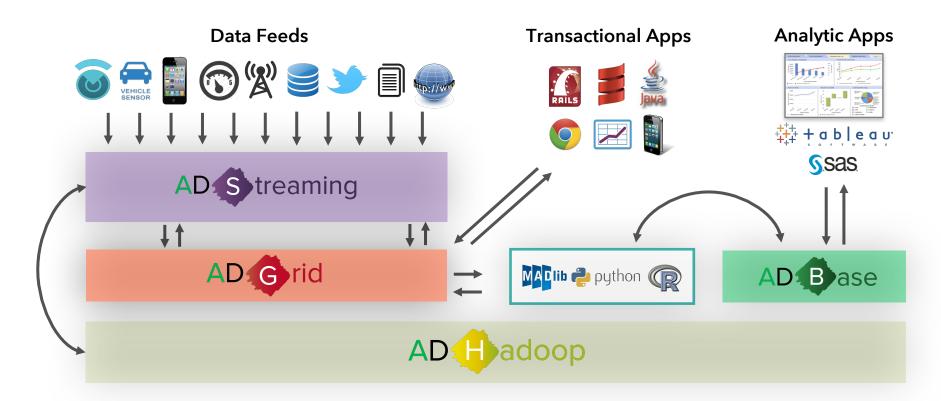
Sandboxes



Data Streaming Reference Architecture

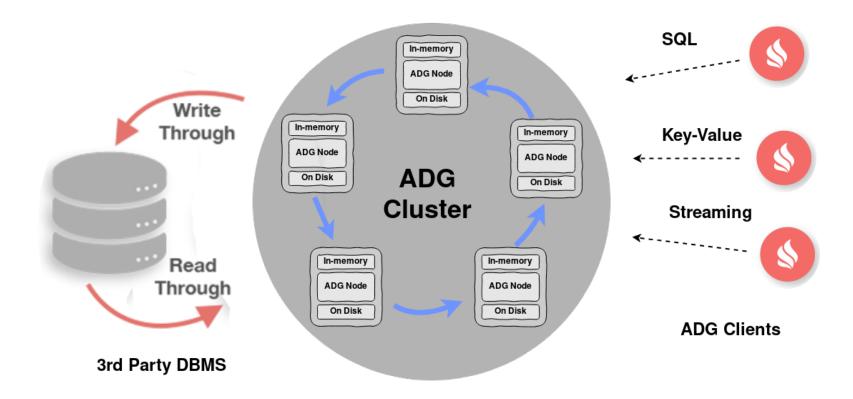


Data Streaming Reference Architecture

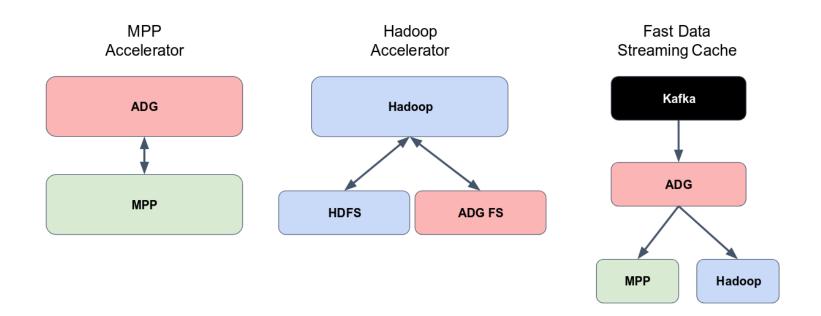


Integrate Apache Ignite with Arenadata DB

Arenadata Grid



Arenadata Grid Use Cases



Arenadata DB Architecture

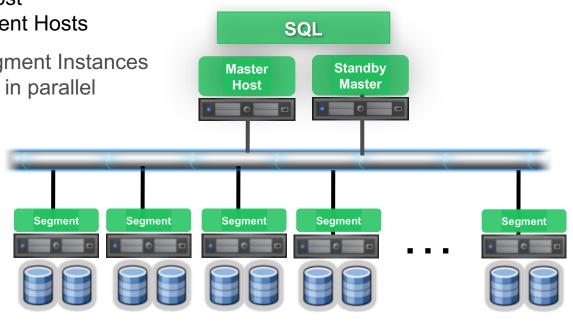
Flexible framework for processing large datasets

Master Host and Standby Master Host Master coordinates work with Segment Hosts

Segment Host with one or more Segment Instances Segment Instances process queries in parallel

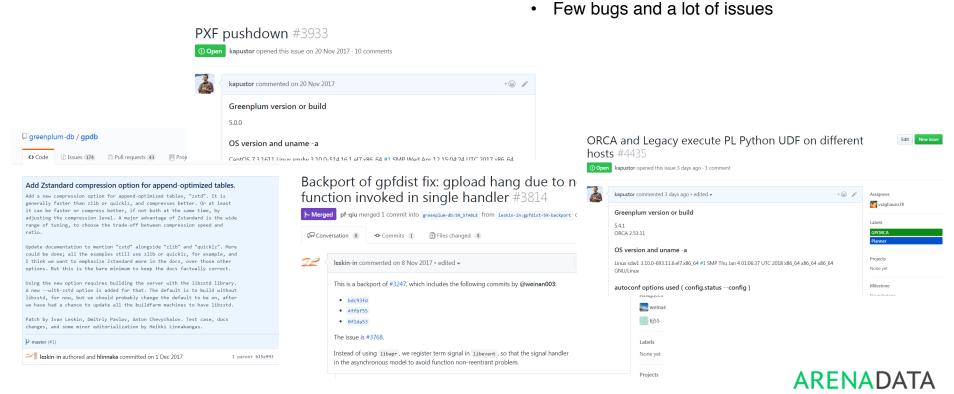
Segment Hosts have their own CPU, disk and memory (shared nothing)

High speed interconnect for continuous pipelining of data processing



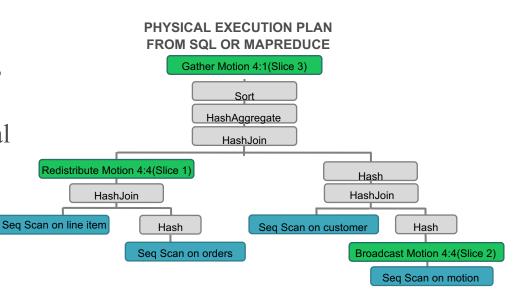
Greenpum Core Development

• Zstandard support (will be added to stable at 6.0.0 due to naming convention) PXF development: we bet a lot. Ignite integration, push down feature, JDBC & Ignite stable release



Parallel Query Optimizer

- Cost-based optimization looks for the most efficient plan
- Physical plan contains scans, joins, sorts, aggregations, etc.
- Global planning avoids sub-optimal
 'SQL pushing' to segments
- Directly inserts 'motion' nodes for inter-segment communication

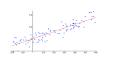


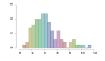
MADlib: Toolkit for Advanced Big Data Analytics



- Better Parallelism
 - Algorithms designed to leverage MPP or Hadoop architecture
- Better Scalability
 - Algorithms scale as your data set scales
 - No data movement
- Better Predictive Accuracy
 - Using all data, not a sample, may improve accuracy
- Open Source
 - Available for customization and optimization by user

MADIIb In-Database Functions











Predictive Modeling Library

Generalized Linear Models

- Linear Regression
- Logistic Regression
- Multinomial Logistic Regression
- Cox Proportional Hazards
- Regression
- Elastic Net Regularization
- Sandwich Estimators (Huber white, clustered, marginal effects)

Matrix Factorization

Singular Value Decomposition (SVD)

Machine Learning Algorithms

- ARIMA
- Principal Component Analysis (PCA)
- Association Rules (Affinity Analysis, Market Basket)
- Topic Modeling (Parallel LDA)
- Decision Trees
- Ensemble Learners (Random Forests)
- Support Vector Machines
- Conditional Random Field (CRF)
- Clustering (K-means)
- Cross Validation

Linear Systems

Sparse and Dense Solvers

Descriptive Statistics

Sketch-based Estimators

- CountMin (Cormode-Muthukrishnan)
- FM (Flajolet-Martin)
- MFV (Most Frequent Values)

Correlation

Summary

Support Modules

Array Operations
Sparse Vectors
Random Sampling
Probability Functions

Polymorphic Table Storage

Historical data (Years) slow HDD

Actual data (months) regular HDD

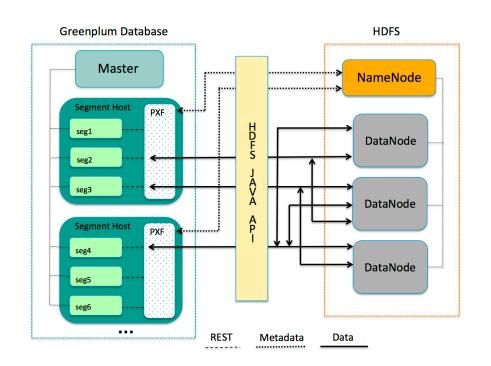
> Now data (hours) SSD

Single table

- Provide the choice of processing model for any table or any individual partition
 - Enable Information Lifecycle Management (ILM)
- Storage types can be mixed within a table or database
 - Four table types: heap, row-oriented AO, column-oriented, external
 - Block compression: Gzip (levels 1-9), Zstd
 - Columnar compression: RLE

Platform eXtension Framework (PXF)

- An advanced version of Greenplum external tables
- Supports connectors for HDFS, HBase and Hive, JDBC, Ignite (Arenadata DB)
- Provides extensible framework API to enable custom connector



PXF Profiles

- HDFS Files
- Ignite
- JDBC
- Avro
- HBase
- Hive
 - Text based
 - SequenceFile
 - RCFile
 - ORCFile

```
CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE pxf_sales_part(
    item_name TEXT,
    item_type TEXT,
    supplier_key INTEGER,
    item_price DOUBLE PRECISION,
    delivery_state TEXT,
    delivery_city TEXT
)
LOCATION
('pxf://grid_host?Profile=Ingite&IGNITE_CACHE=test&BUFFER_SIZE=10000');
```

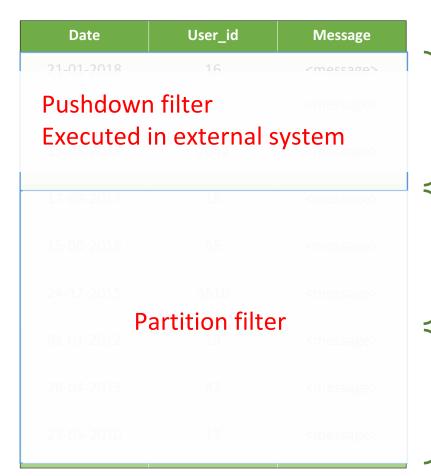
PXF Profiles

```
file>
 <name>Ignite</name>
 <plugins>
   <fragmenter>IgniteFragmenter</fragmenter>
   <accessor>IgniteAccessor</accessor>
   <resolver>IgniteResolver
   <analyzer>IgniteAnalyzer
 </plugins>
</profile>
```

PXF Classes

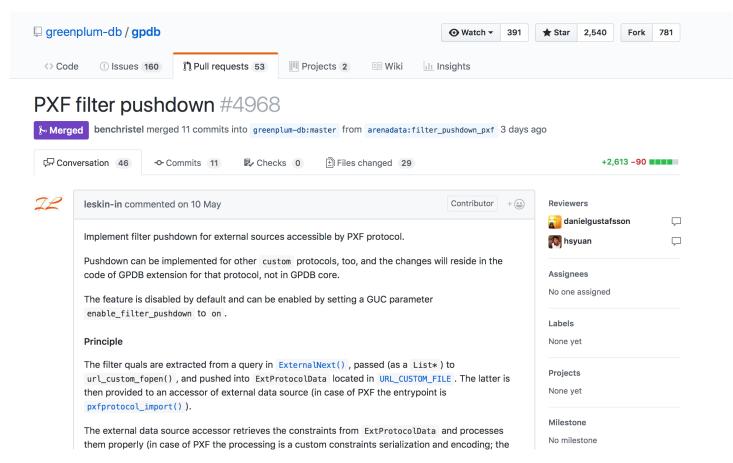
- Fragmenter returns a list of source data fragments and their location
- Accessor access a given list of fragments read them and return records
- Resolver deserialize each record according to a given schema or technique
- Analyzer returns statistics about the source data

PXF Pushdown Feature



```
Grid external table
≿ parեթյեցն¢βրցել illiseconds
partition } t Dater = 611 : 05 $ $ 18 partition 2: Date < 01-01-2018 and Date => 01-01-2015
partition3: Date < 01-01-2015 )
    Latency: seconds
    Cost. Weller B: Date > 16-06-2017
        AND User id < 400
    Hadoop external table
    Latency: tenshores
    Cost per GB: $
                                    ARENADATA
```

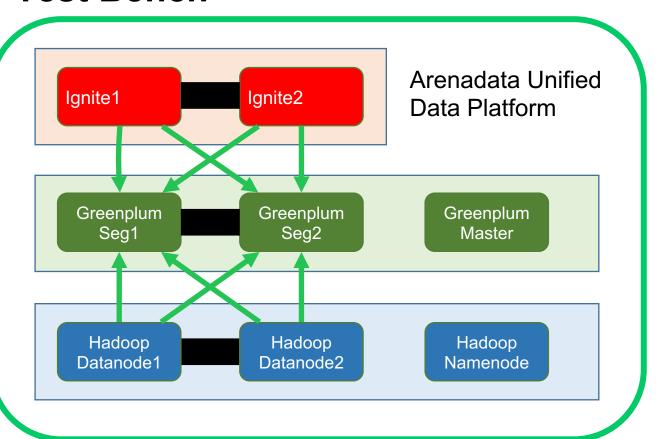
PXF Pushdown Feature

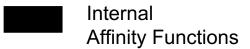




Using power of In-Memory computing with MPP

Test Bench







Creating Table in MPP

Create table in Greenplum



id	▼ name	▼ price	v time
24	paper	34.5	2017-02-15 15:22:00
44	buttons	34	2017-02-15 15:22:00
22	plastic	17.5	2017-02-15 15:20:00
26	bananas	1.5	2017-02-15 15:23:00
42	plants	17.5	2017-02-15 15:20:00
46	water	1.5	2017-02-15 15:23:00
23	glass	18	2017-02-15 15:21:00
43	wood	18.5	2017-02-15 15:21:00
25	apples	1.5	2017-02-15 15:23:00

```
(44, buttons', '34.0', '2017-02-13 13:22:00'), (45,'coal', '1.0','2017-02-15 15:23:00'), (46,'water', '1.5','2017-02-15 15:23:00'); select * from bcs_gp_1
```

Creating External Table for Apache Ignite & Load Data

Create in-mem external table

id	▼ name	▼ price	▼ time			
3	uran	18.5	2017-02-15 15:16:00			
1	gold	15.5	2017-02-15 15:15:00			
2	silver	16.5	2017-02-15 15:16:00			
4	steel	15.5	2017-02-15 15:17:00			
5	aluminium	25.5	2017-02-15 15:18:00			
6	4ugun	18.5	2017-02-15 15:19:00			

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Creating External Table in Hive & Load Data

Create external hive table

= <u>III</u> •			
id	▼ name	v price	v time
61	baskets	15.5	2017-02-15 15:42:00
62	notebooks	16.5	2017-02-15 15:19:00
63	books	18.5	2017-02-15 15:26:00
64	soft	15.5	2017-02-15 15:57:00
65	tables	25	2017-02-15 15:48:00
66	chairs	18	2017-02-15 15:39:00

Exchange Partitions with External Tables

Exchanging partitions

```
%jdbc alter table bcs_gp_1 EXCHANGE PARTITION for (RANK(1)) with table public.bcs_gp_1_ext_inmem WITHOUT VALIDATION; alter table bcs_gp_1 EXCHANGE PARTITION for (RANK(4)) with table public.bcs_gp_1_ext_hive WITHOUT VALIDATION;

Query executed successfully. Affected rows: 0
```

Target Table

```
select relname "child table", consrc "check",relstorage "storage"
from pg_inherits i
join pg_class c on c.oid = inhrelid
join pg_constraint on c.oid = conrelid
where contype = 'c'
and inhparent = 'bcs_gp_1'::regclass order by 1
```



child table	▼ check	▼ storage ▼
bcs_gp_1_1_prt_1	((id >= 0) AND (id < 20))	х
bcs_gp_1_1_prt_2	((id >= 21) AND (id < 40))	h
bcs_gp_1_1_prt_3	((id >= 41) AND (id < 60))	С
bcs_gp_1_1_prt_4	((id >= 61) AND (id < 80))	х



FINISHED ▷ ※ III ◎

Execution Plan

```
OUERY PLAN
                                                                                                  prt2: Greenplum Heap Partition
Gather Motion 4:1 (slice1; segments: 4) (cost=0.00..14098.75 rows=346634 width=52)
 Rows out: 11 rows at destination with 30 ms to first row, 42 ms to end, start offset by 15 ms.
  -> Append (cost=0.00..14098.75 rows=86659 width=52)
       Rows out: Avg 2.8 rows x 4 workers. Max 7 rows (seq2) with 0.134 ms to first row, 38 ms to end, start offset by 19 ms.
       -> Seq Scan on bcs_gp_1_1_prt_2 bcs_gp_1 (cost=0.00..598.75 rows=3325 width=52)
             Filter: id < 40
             Rows out: Avg 1.2 rows x 4 workers. Max 2 rows (seg3) (with 24 ms to first row, 38 ms to end, start offset by 19 ms.
       -> External Scan on bcs_gp_1_1_prt_1 bcs_gp_1 (cost=0.00..13500.00 rows=83334 width=52)
             Filter: id < 40
             Rows out: 6 rows (seg2) with 0.098 ms to first row, 0.107 ms to end, start offset by 19 ms.
Slice statistics:
 (slice0) Executor memory: 386K bytes.
 (slice1) Executor memory: 247K bytes avg x 4 workers, 253K bytes mak (sea2)
Statement statistics:
                                                                   prt1: Ignite Cache Partition
 Memory used: 128000K bytes
Optimizer status: legacy query optimizer
Total runtime: 58.697 ms
```

