

Want extreme performance at scale? Do distributed the RIGHT way!

Valentin Kulichenko Apache Ignite Committer GridGain Solutions Architect

Distributed Storage



ACID Transaction



3rd party storage caching

Where Is The Challenge?



Data Affinity



Where Entry Goes?

put (key, value)

Ignite Node 1

?

Ignite Node 2

?



Caches and Partitions



K7,V7

K9, V9

Partition 2

Partitions Distribution



Affinity Function



Server Node



Where Entry Goes?









Co-located Processing



Client-Server Processing

Co-located Processing





1. Initial Request 2. Fetch data from remote nodes **3. Process entire data-set**

1. Initial Request

2. Co-located processing with data 3. Reduce multiple results in one

Use Case: Account Balance Update

class Account { String firstName; String lastName; String address;

Account account = cache.get(123);

account.balance -= 100;

cache.put(123, account);

double balance;

. . .

Use Case: Account Balance Update

cache.invoke(123, new EntryProcessor<Integer, Account, Object>() { @Override public Object process(MutableEntry<Integer, Account> entry, Object... args) {

Account account = entry.getValue();

account.balance -= 100;

entry.setValue(account);

return null;

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});

Co-located Data



Use Case: Payment Transaction Authorization

class Transaction { int accountId; String **storeName**; double amount;

For each new transaction:

- Find all transactions for the account ID
- Go through the list, calculate authorization • variables
- If transaction is authorized, add it to the list lacksquare

Affinity Key



Server Node



Affinity Key



Server Node



Affinity Key

class TransactionKey { int transactionId;

@AffinityKeyMapped
int accountId;

ignite.compute().affinityRun("transactions", // Cache name. 123, // Account ID. () -> { ... } // Computation.);

Co-location and SQL: Indexing



Let's Run a SQL Query!

SELECT AVG(amount) FROM Transaction WHERE accountId = ?



Executing SQL: Full Scan



1/3x latency 3x capacity

But What If We Use Index?





Indexed Search Complexity

log 1 000 000 ≈ 20 VS. **333 333 ≈ 18** log **333 333 ≈ 18** log **333 333** ≈ 18 log

Executing SQL: Indexed Search



~same latency~same capacity

Let's Co-locate



Executing SQL: Indexed Search With Co-location



same latency 3x capacity

Co-location and SQL: Joins



Random Distribution







Ignite Node

Montreal

Ottawa

New Delhi

Non-Collocated Joins



- 1. Initial Query
- 2. Query execution (local + remote data)
- 3. Potential data movement
- 4. Reduce multiple results in one



Affinity Collocation



ON-DISK

Collocated Distribution



Ignite Node

Mumbai

New Delhi

Collocated Joins



3. Reduce multiple results in one



Any Questions?

Thank you for joining us. Follow the conversation. <u>http://ignite.apache.org</u>



@vkulichenko
#apacheignite

